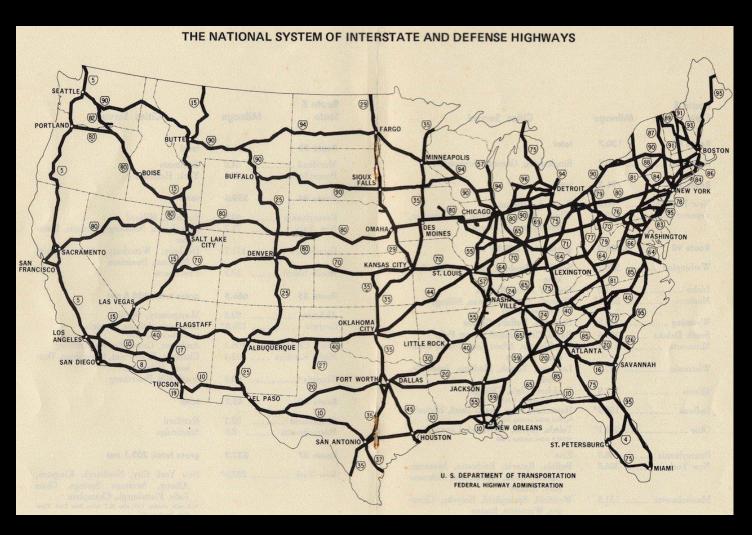


FEDERAL HIGHWAY FUNDS





Do you believe in:

Societal Investments based on Cost / Benefit?

Concept of Assimilative Capacity?

If so you must recognize importance of both:

Magnitude of Load

Location of Load

ENGINEERING PROJECT CONSIDERATIONS

Design

Objectives

Life

Conditions

PROJECT OBJECTIVE

NY/NJ HEP Thoughts: Stormwater & Combined Sewer Overflow Control

Possible Project Objectives

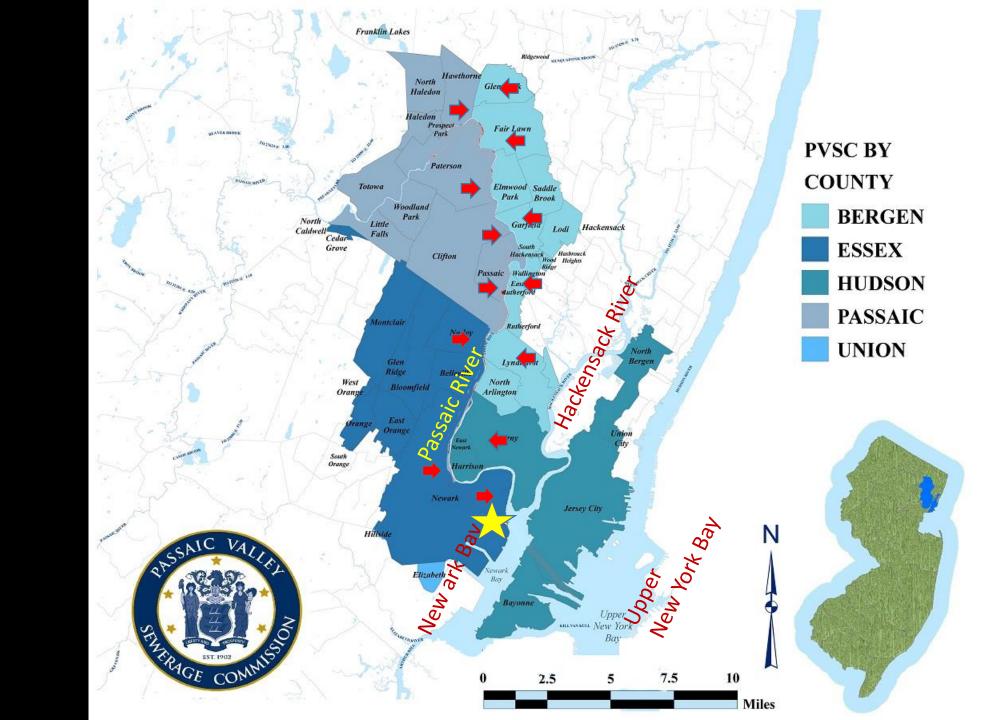
- Reduce Quantity of CSO Overflows
- Reduce Number of CSO Overflows
- Reduce Spatial Impact of CSO Overflows
- Maximize Canoe / Kayak-able Miles (2°)
- Maximize Swimmable Shoreline Miles (1°)
- Minimize # Days 'Lifeguarded Beach' Closed (1°)

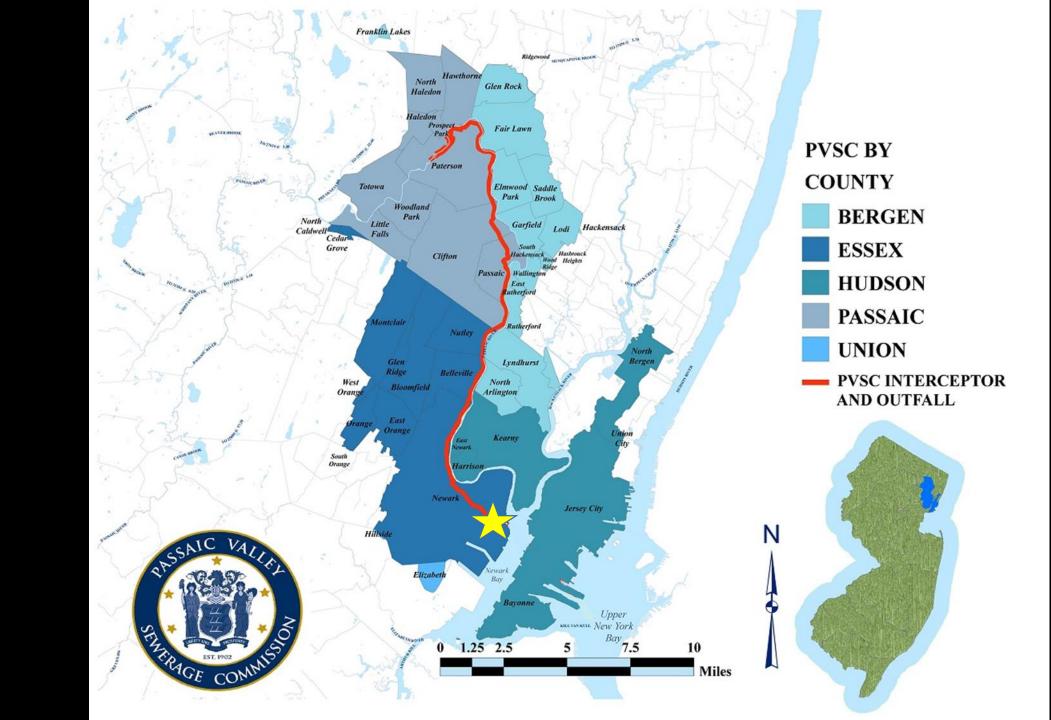
Possible Project Design Objectives

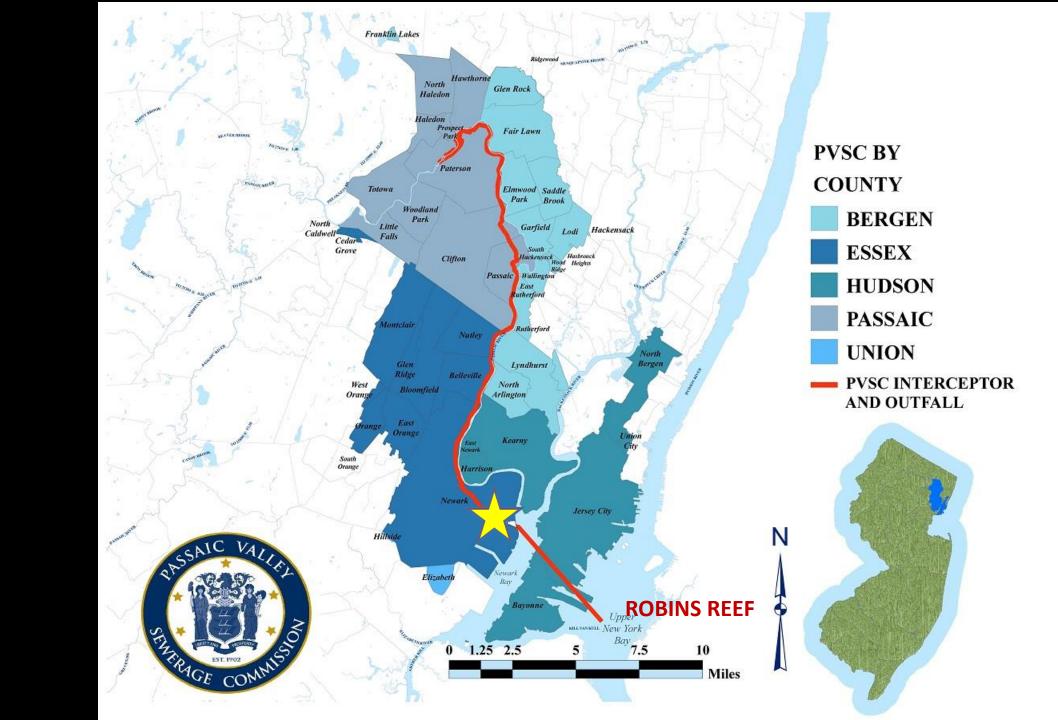
- 1. Bathing Beaches minimize closures
- 2. Main Stem Rivers restore water quality
- 3. Tributaries restore water quality
- 4. CSO Overflow minimize annual volume

<u>Example</u>

- Orchard Beach
- Hudson River
 - Gowanus Canal
- billion gal/year



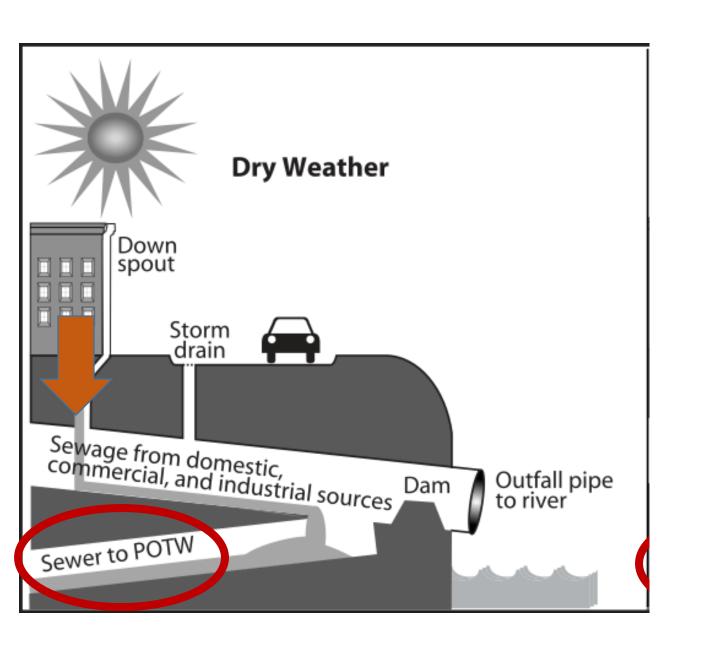




1921 U.S. Supreme Court Lawsuit



We cannot withhold the suggestion, inspired by the consideration of this case, that the grave problem of sewage disposal presented by the large and growing populations living on the shores of New York Bay is one more likely to be wisely solved by co-operative study and by conference and mutual concession on the part of representatives of the states so vitally interested in it than by proceedings in any court however constituted.



ENGINEERING PROJECT CONSIDERATIONS

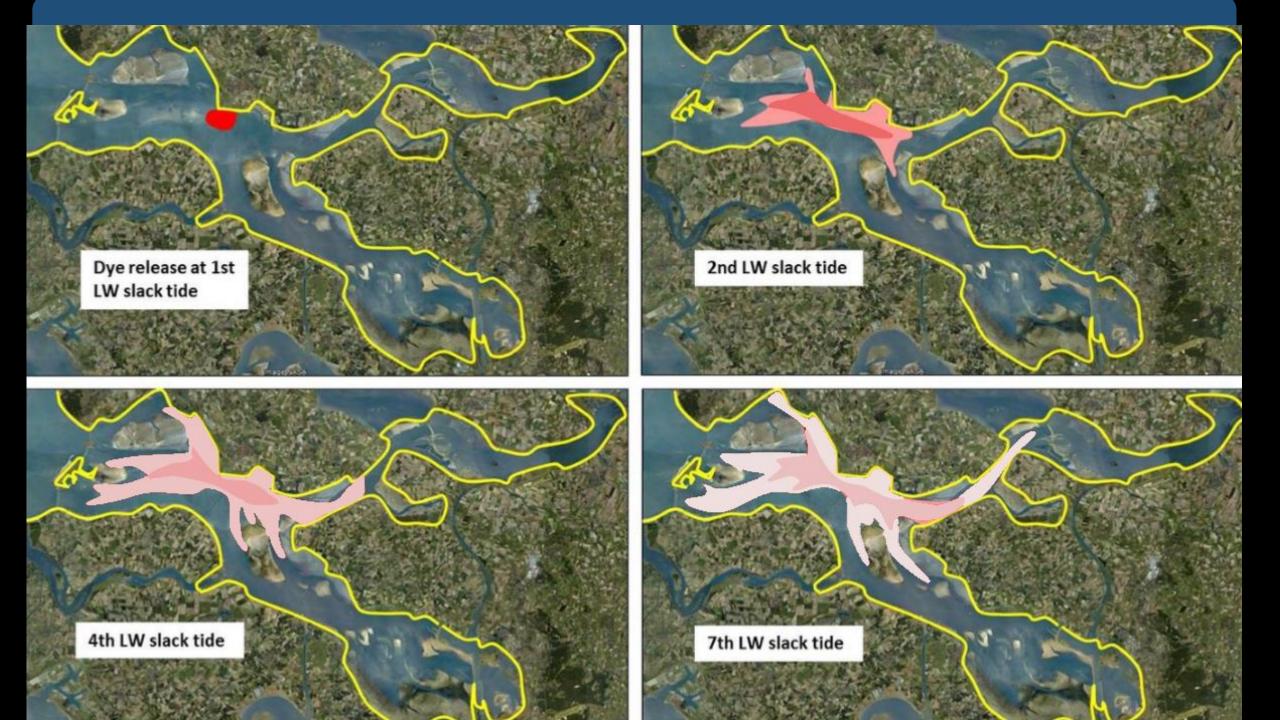
Design

Objectives - Swimmable Hudson

Life - CSO Life ~ 100 years

Conditions - Design Storm at END of Design Life

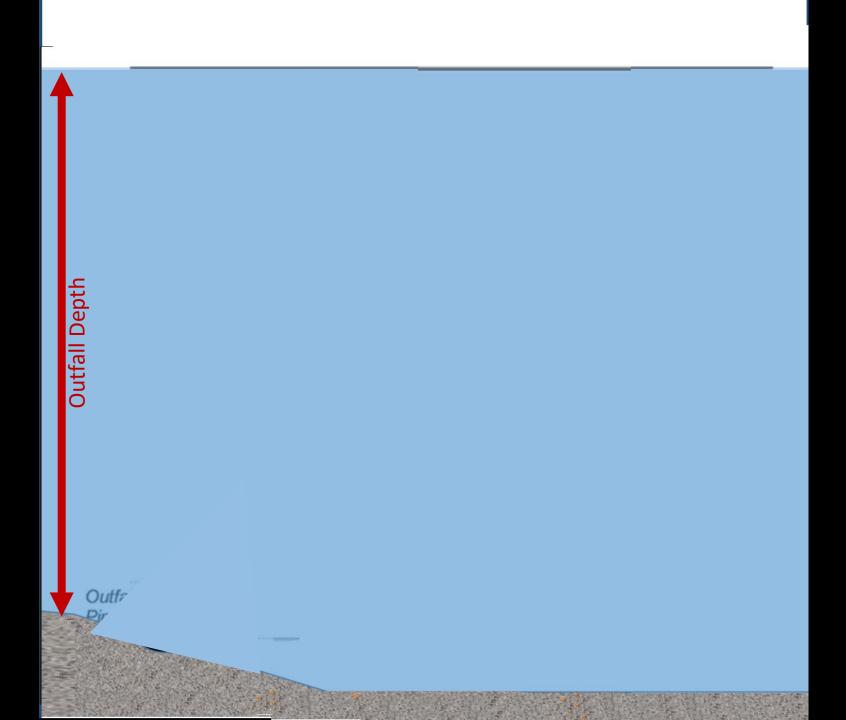


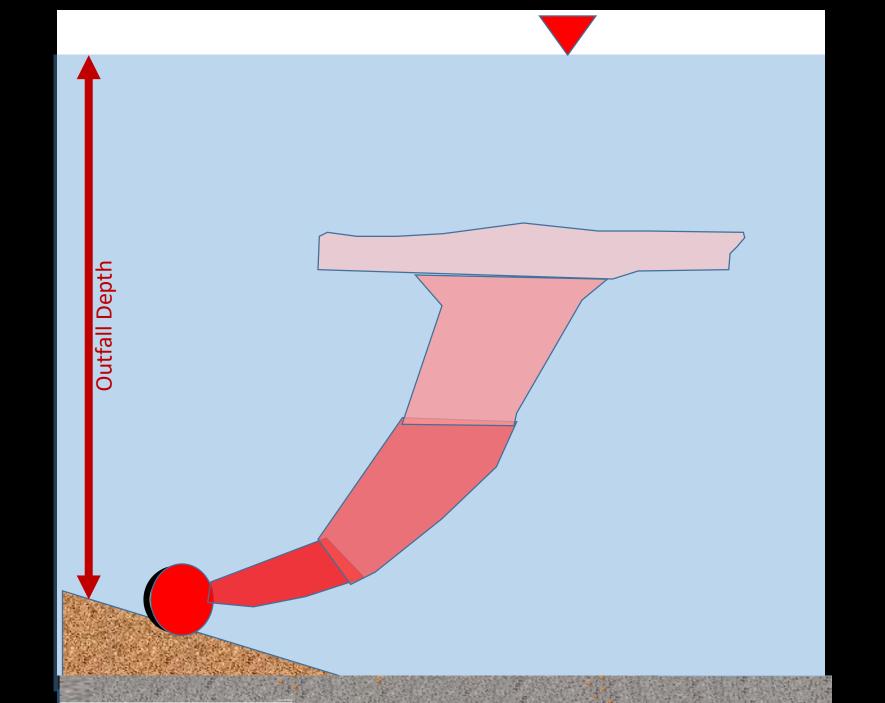


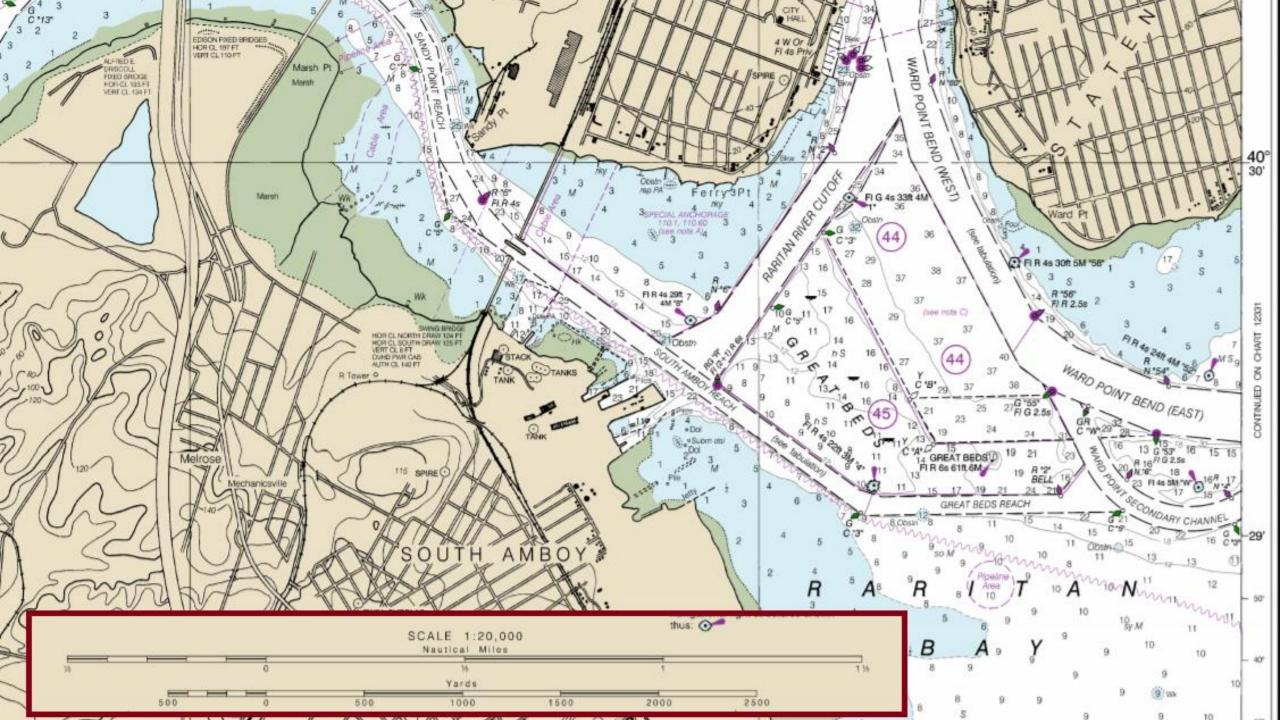




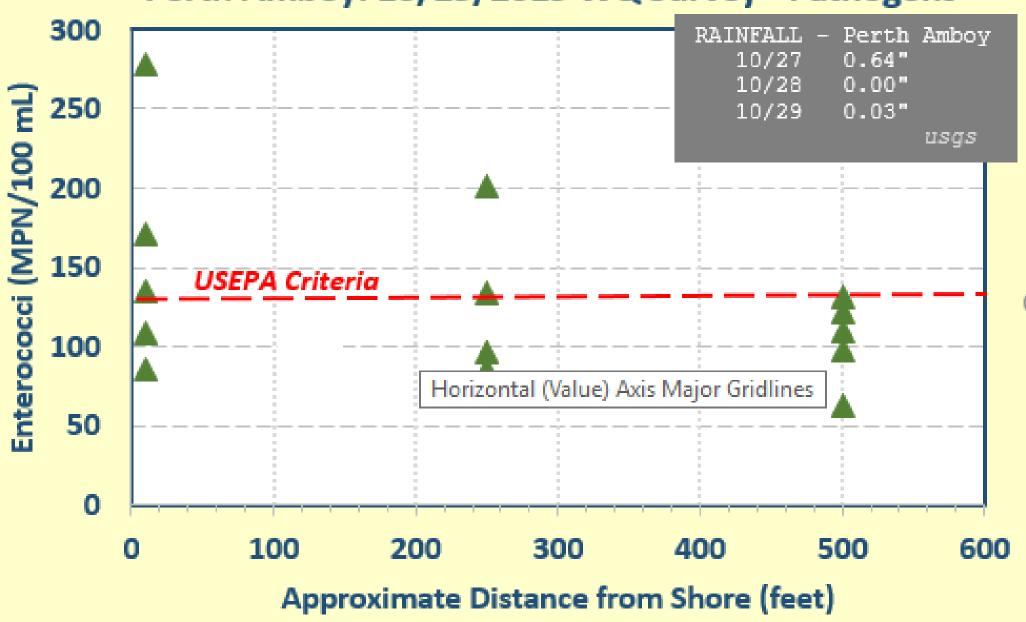
A BUOYANT JET is trapped by a STRATIFIED AMBIENT without crossflow (Source: Fan, CIT).



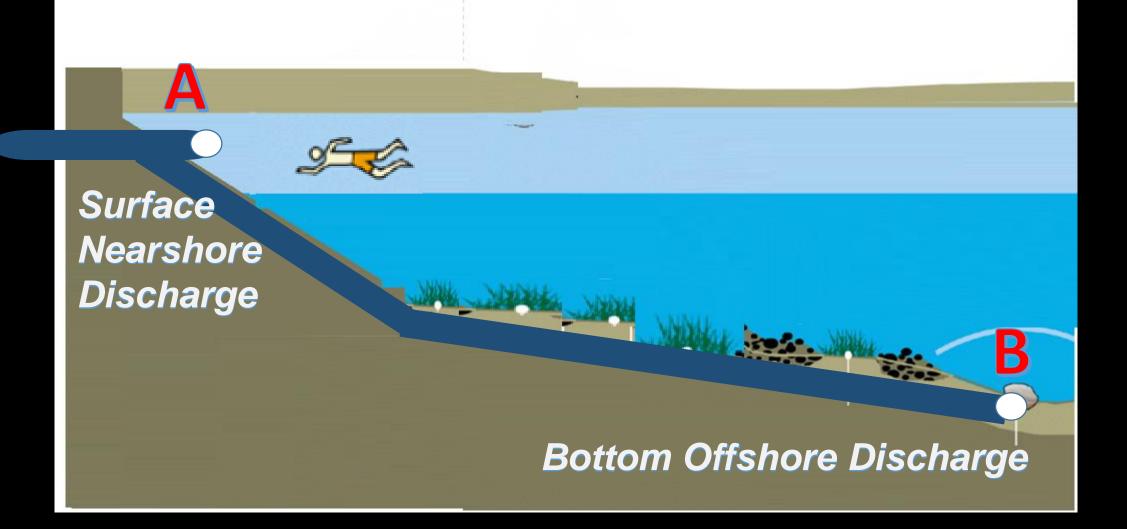


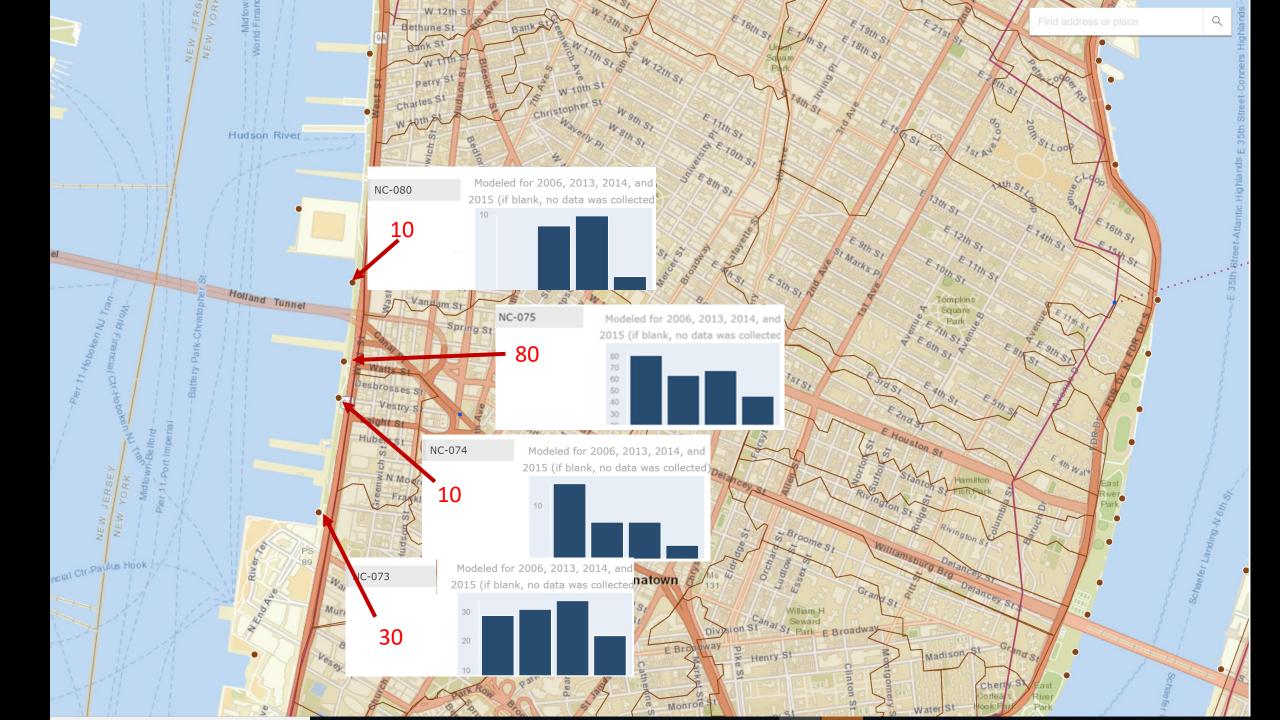


Perth Amboy: 10/29/2019 WQ Survey - Pathogens



NEAR SHORE: Primary Contact Recreation

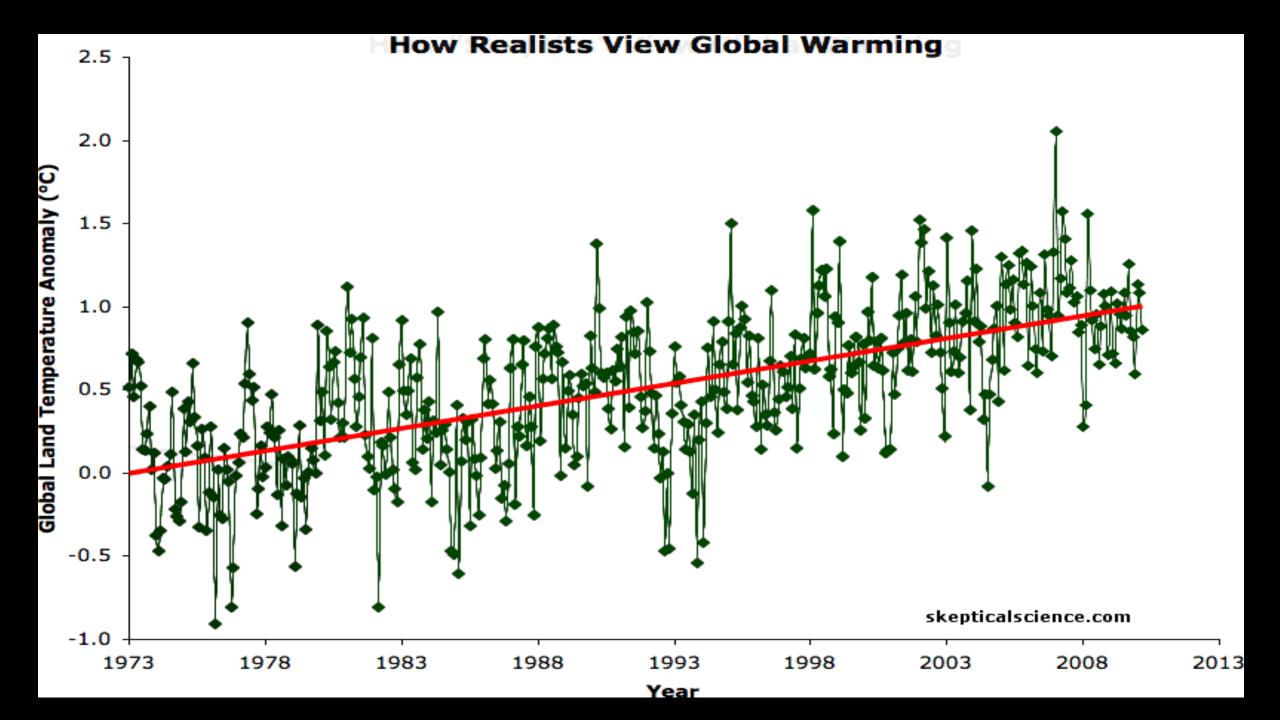












ASSIMILATIVE CAPACITY: Magnitude of Load & Location of Load

PVSC History

Governor of New Jersey: "... divising some system of sewage disposal"

Commission 1: 1896 Commission 2: 1897 Commission 2: 1898

Act of Legislature: 1902 Conceptual Plan: 1908 NYS Files Suit: 1908

U.S. Supreme Court 1921 [PEOPLE OF STATE OF NEW YORK v. NEW JERSEY, (1921)]

Argued: January 25, 1921

Decided: May 2, 1921

Construction Complete: 1924

CWD-CWRB - CWD-WMB Management Meeting: 2019-03-20

- 1. Hackensack River TMDL
- 2. PANYNJ NYHOPS Model
 - i. 'Storm Surge,
 - ii. NYC-CSO NJHDG-CSO
 - iii. LISS Hypoxia,
 - iv. LI Nitrogen Action Plan,
 - v. Hackensack River DO,
- 3. Harbor Action Plan: debriefing
- 4. Technical Points & Outstanding issues
 - a) FORGE RIVER TMDL July 2016
 - b) NY/NJ CSO LTCPs Nov 2016

Lower Hackensack River Dissolved Oxygen Impairment: TIMELINE

Date	Title	Years
		Delayed
1976	Basin Plan -	na
1984	Facilities Plan	na
1985	NJDEP Permit: Upgrade or Relocate	na
1988	NJDEP set 1988 Completion Date	0
2008	Hackensack Nutrient TMDL Meeting	20
2011	Hackensack River Model Study Evaluation Group (MEG) Report	23
<mark>2013</mark>	TMDL Study Sampling Report (2010 Data)	25
2017	USEPA Comments to NJDEP regarding wq modeling study	29
<mark>2017</mark>	NJDEP Agrees to a Model Evaluation Group process (MEG)	29
<mark>2019</mark>	NJDEP notifies USEPA that have been working unilaterally with	
	BCUA and have abandoned agreement to form a MEG.	31
	USEPA has still not received information requested in 2017	

DESIGN LIFE



PRELIMINARY

CLIMATE RESILIENCY

DESIGN GUIDELINES

DESIGN LIFE: The life expectancy of an asset or product as determined during design.

USEFUL LIFE: The period over which an asset or component is expected to be available

for use by an entity. This period of time typically exceeds the design life

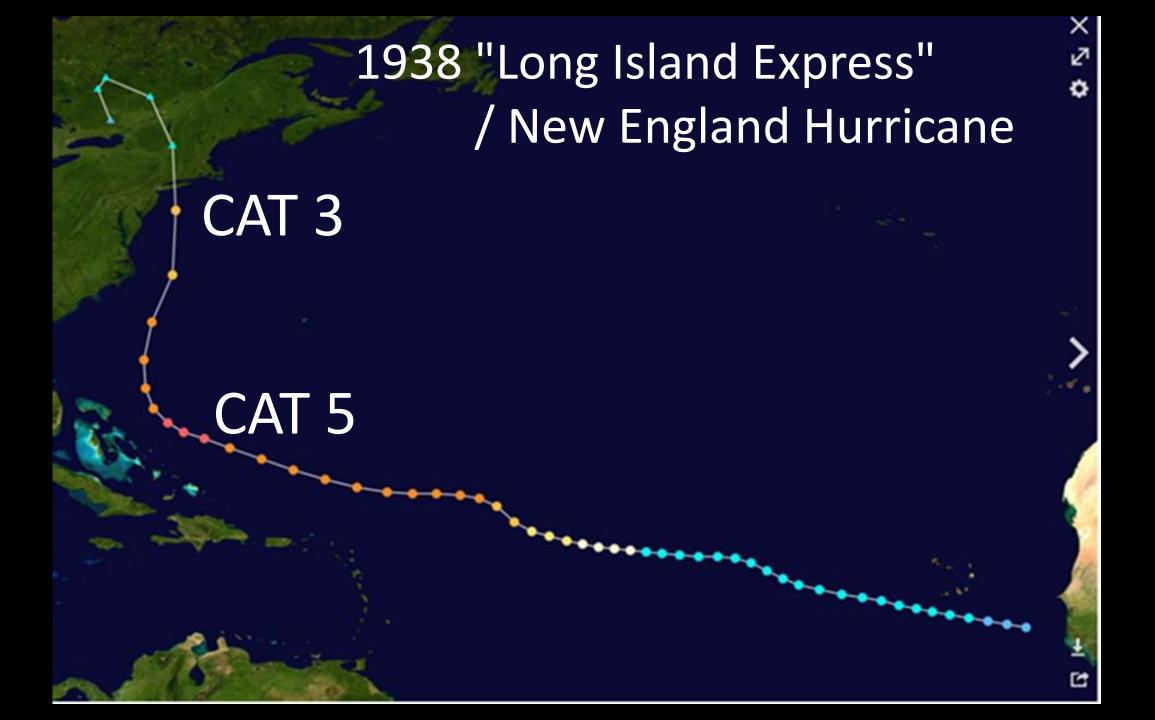
Table 2 – Baseline and projected design storm events for the 1-hour and 24-hour duration 1-hour duration rainfall depths

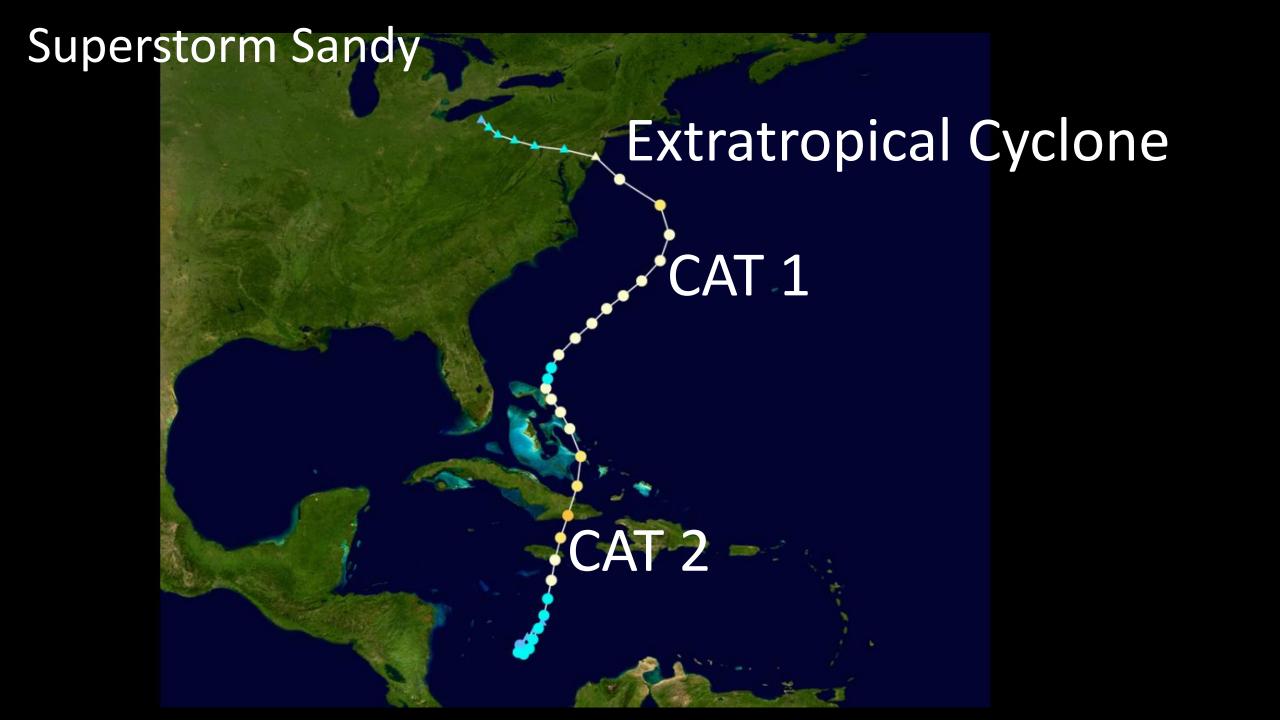
	5-year design storm	50-year design storm	100-year design
End of useful life	(inches)	(inches)	storm (inches)
Baseline 55,56	1.61	2.57	2.87
Through to 2039 ⁵⁷	1.83	3.02	3.41
2040-2069	1.97	3.33	3.93
2070-2099	2.12 +32%	3.74	4.34

24-hour duration rainfall depths

24-110ul uulatioii laililaii ueptiis						
	5-year design storm	50-year design storm	100-year design			
End of useful life	(inches)	(inches)	storm (inches)			
Baseline 58,59	4.70	7.83	8.79			
Through to 2039 ⁶⁰	5.41	9.21	10.55			
2040-2069	5.88 +35%	10.13	12.31 _{+52%}			
2070-2099	6.35	11.28	13.40			

DESIGN CONDITIONS







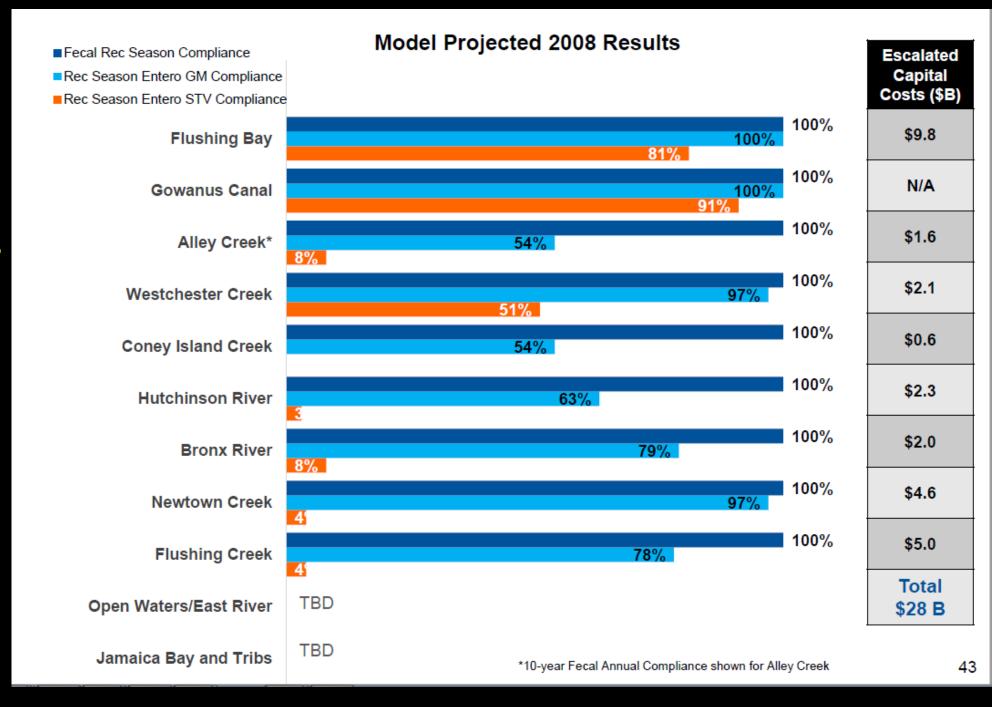


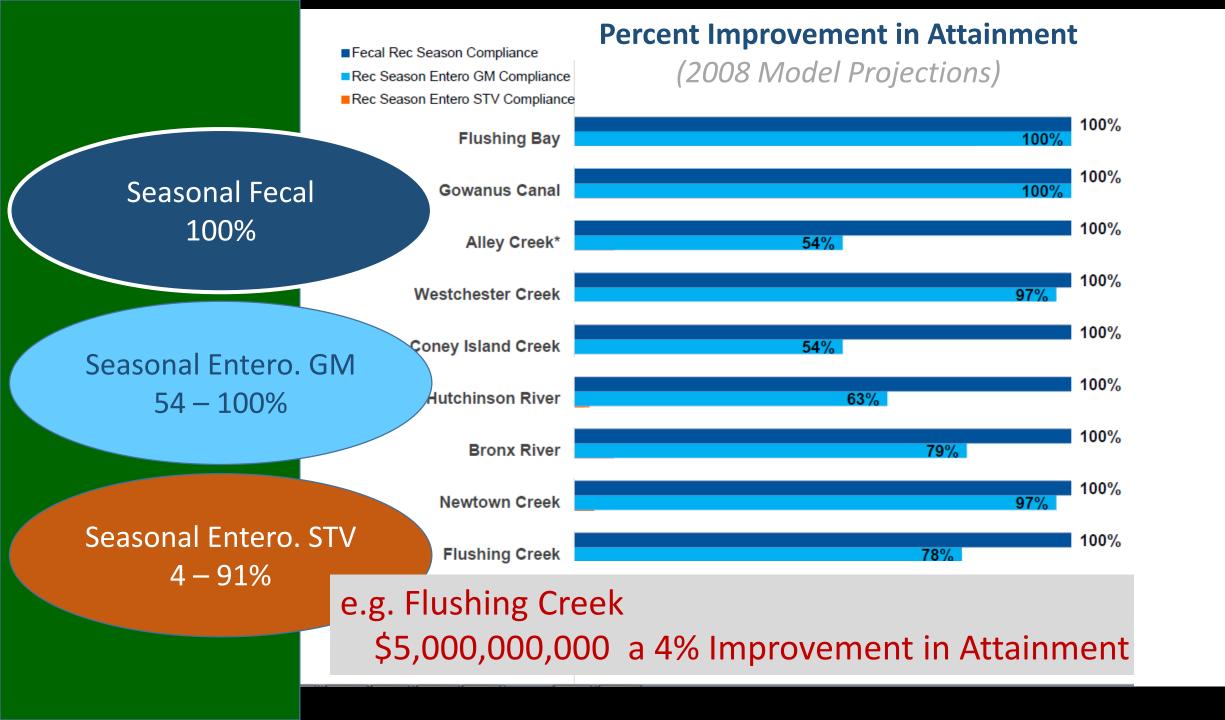
"ATTAINMENT
&
COST
of
100% CSO CONTROL"

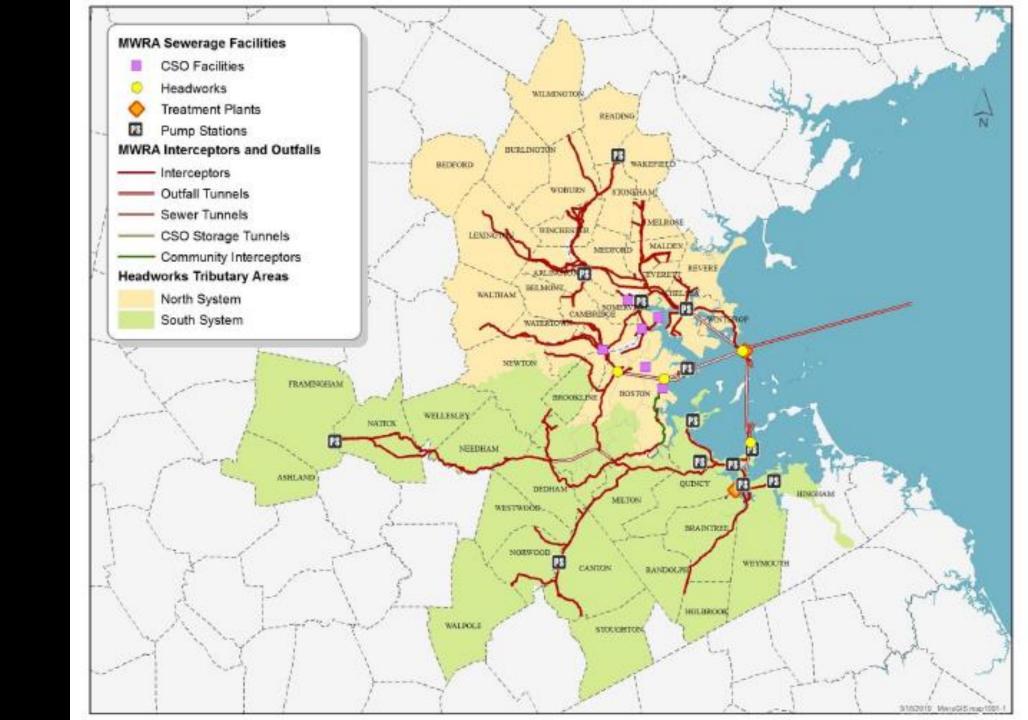
at Annual Citywide Public Meeting

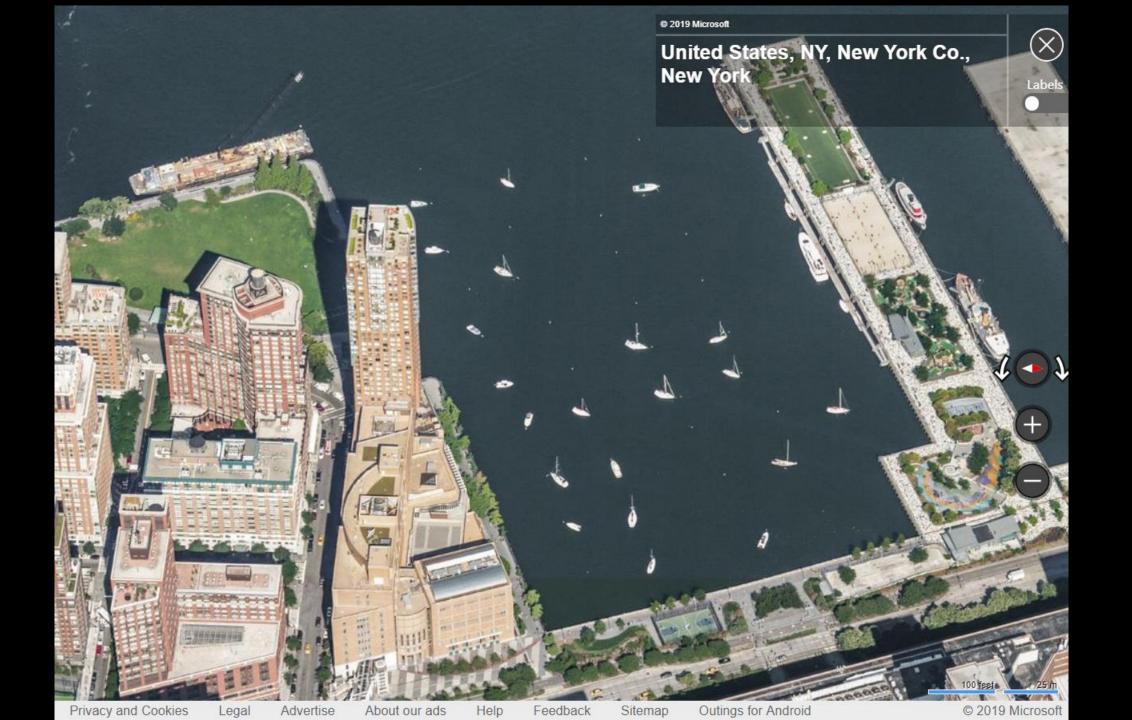
CSO LTCP

NYCDEP @ CUNY School of Law Nov 15, 2017

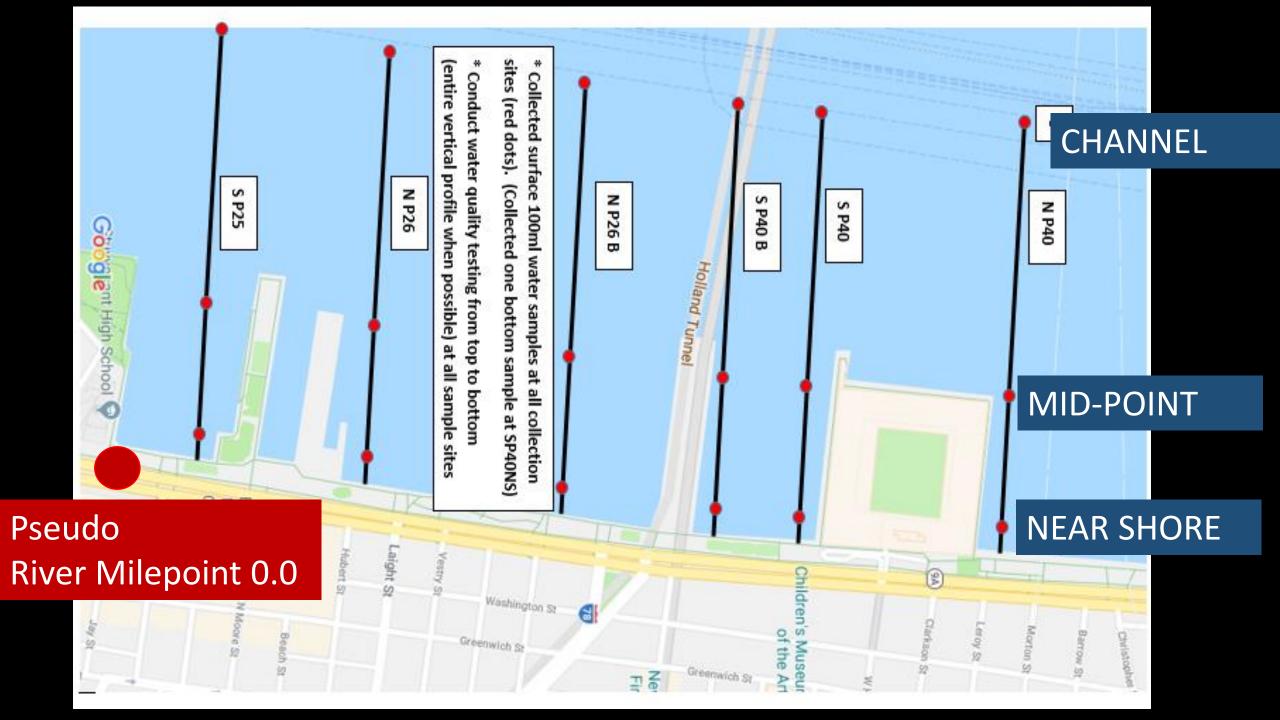




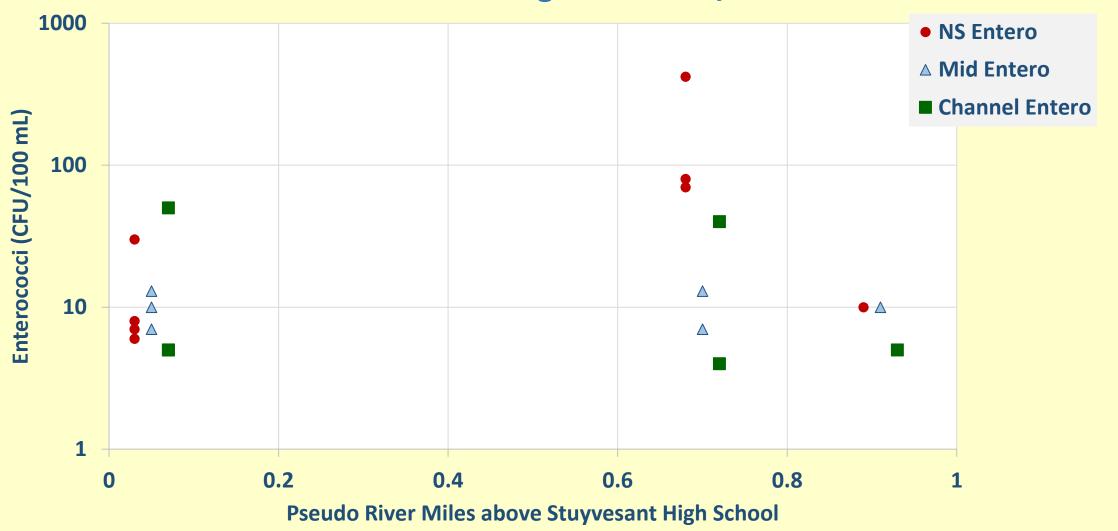




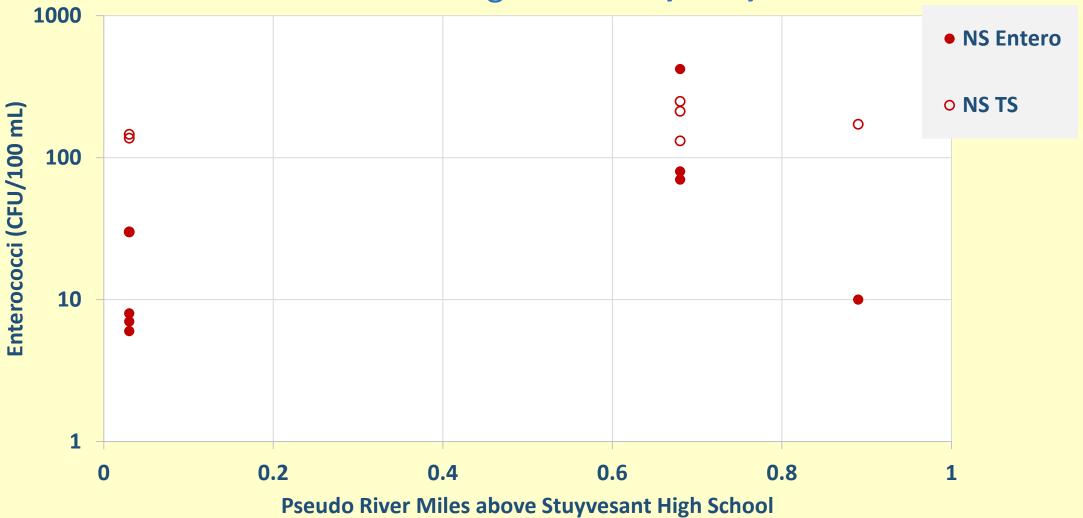


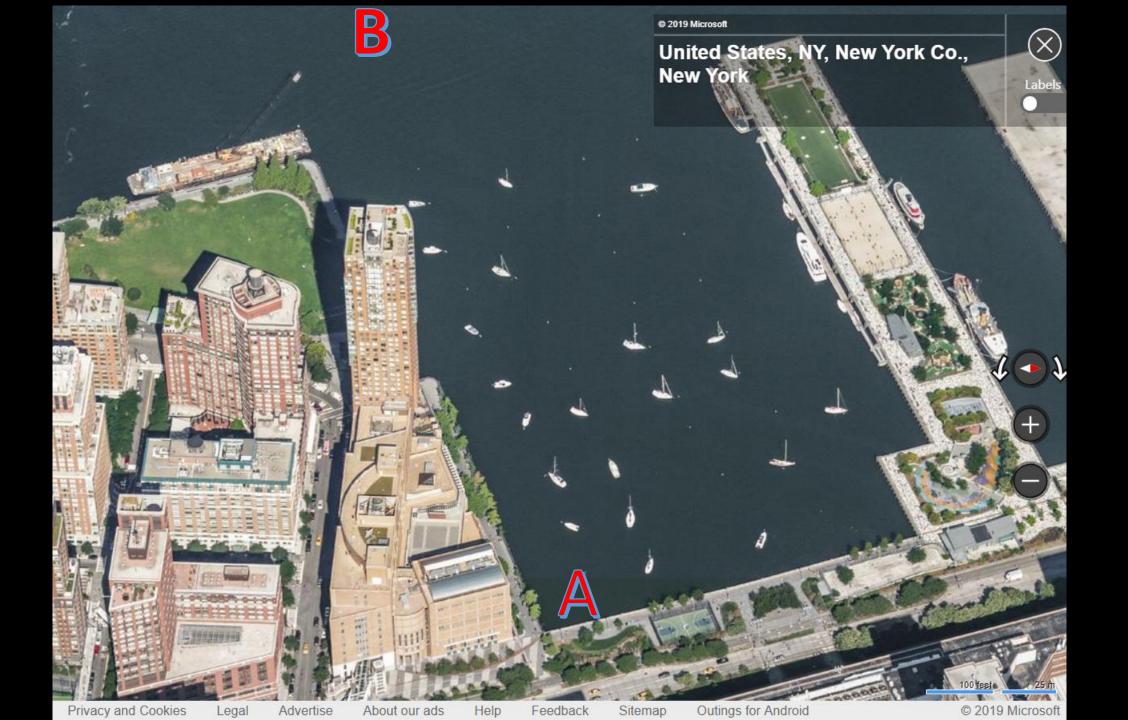


2018-08-20 Hudson River Pathogens: HRPT / IEC



2018-08-20 Hudson River Pathogens: HRPT / IEC / COLUMBIA





		Watershed CSO Advisory Rainfall Triggers for 12 hours		No of Days Notifications Would have been sent in 2017	
Waterbody Name	No. of Additional Days when Notifications were not made in 2017 because 'old trigger'	Existing Rule (inches)	Revised Rule (inches)	Existing Rule (davs)	Revised Rule (davs)
Bronx River, Lower	86	0.60	0.02	22	108
Flushing Creek	57	0.40	0.05	35	92
Coney Island Creek	54	0.29	0.03	45	99
Spring Creek and tribs	31	1.40	0.35	6	37
Newtown Creek and tidal tribs	26	0.10	0.03	73	99
Hutchison River, Lower, and tribs	13	0.70	0.41	22	35
Fresh Creek	5	0.75	0.65	17	22
Flushing Bay	1	0.80	0.75	16	17